Students

SEARCH AND SEIZURE

The Board of Trustees is fully committed to promoting a safe learning environment and, to the extent possible, eliminating the possession and use of weapons, illegal drugs, and other controlled substances by students on school premises and at school activities. As necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of students and staff, school officials may search students, their property and/or District property under their control, and may seize illegal, unsafe and prohibited items.

(cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan)

(cf. 3515 - Campus Security)

(cf. 3515.3 - District Police/Security Department)

(cf. 5131 - Conduct)

(cf. 5131.7 - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments)

(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)

The Board urges that employees exercise discretion and good judgment. When conducting a search or seizure, employees shall act in accordance with law, Board policy, and administrative regulation.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

(cf. 1312.1 - Complaints Concerning District Employees)

(cf. 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that staff who conduct student searches receive training regarding the requirements of the district's policy and administrative regulation and other legal issues, as appropriate.

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development) (cf. 4231 - Staff Development) (cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

Individual Searches

School officials may search individual students, their property and District property under their control, when there is a reasonable suspicion that the search will uncover evidence that the student is violating the law, Board policy, administrative regulation, or other rules of the District or the school. Reasonable suspicion shall be based on specific and objective facts that the search will produce evidence related to the alleged violation. The types of student property that may be searched by school officials include, but are not limited to, lockers, desks, purses, back packs, student vehicles parked on district property, cellular phones, or other electronic communication devices.

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Any search of a student, his/her property, or district property under his/her control shall be limited in scope and designed to produce evidence related to the alleged violation. Factors to be considered by school officials when determining the scope of the search shall include the danger to the health or safety of students or staff, such as the possession of weapons, drugs, or other dangerous instruments, and whether the item(s) to be searched by school officials are reasonably related to the contraband to be found. In addition, school officials shall consider the intrusiveness of the search in light of the student's age, gender, and the nature of the alleged violation.

Employees shall not conduct strip searches or body cavity searches of any student. (Education Code $\underline{49050}$)

Searches of individual students shall be conducted in the presence of at least two District employees.

The principal or designee shall notify the parent/guardian of a student subjected to an individualized search as soon as possible after the search.

(cf. <u>5145.11</u> - Questioning and Apprehension)

Searches of Multiple Student Lockers/Desks

All student lockers and desks are the property of the district. The principal or designee may conduct a general inspection of school properties that are within the control of students, such as lockers and desks, on a regular, announced basis, with students standing by their assigned lockers or desks. Any items contained in a locker or desk shall be considered to be the property of the student to whom the locker or desk was assigned.

Use of Metal Detectors

The Board believes that the presence of weapons in the schools threatens the District's ability to provide the safe and orderly learning environment to which District students and staff are entitled. The Board also believes that metal detector searches offer a reasonable means to keep weapons out of the schools and mitigate the fears of students and staff.

The Superintendent or designee shall use metal detectors at district schools as necessary to help provide a safe learning environment. He/she shall establish a plan to ensure that metal detector searches are conducted in a uniform and consistent manner.

(cf. <u>0410</u> - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

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(cf. <u>5131.7</u> - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments)

(cf. <u>5144.1</u> - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)

Use of Contraband Drug-Detection Dogs

In an effort to keep the schools free of drugs, the District may use specially trained nonaggressive dogs to sniff out and alert staff to the presence of substances prohibited by law or Board policy. The dogs may sniff the air around lockers, desks, or vehicles on District property or at District-sponsored events as long as they are not allowed to sniff within the close proximity of any students.

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 32280-32289 School safety plans 35160 Authority of governing boards 35160.1 Broad authority of school districts 48900-48927 Suspension and expulsion 49050-49051 Searches by school employees 49330-49334 Injurious objects PENAL CODE 626.9 Firearms 626.10 Dirks, daggers, knives or razor CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION Article I, Section 28(c) Right to Safe Schools COURT DECISIONS Redding v. Safford Unified School District, (9th Cir. 2008) 531 F.3d 1071 B.C. v. Plumas, (9th Cir. 1999) 192 F.3d 1260 Jennings v. Joshua Independent School District, (5th Cir. 1989) 877 F.2d 313 O'Connor v. Ortega, (1987) 480 U.S. 709 New Jersey v. T.L.O., (1985) 469 U.S. 325 Horton v. Goose Creek Independent School District, (5th Cir. 1982) 690 F.2d 470 Zamora v. Pomeroy, (10th Cir. 1981) 639 F.2d 662 ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS 83 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 257 (2001) 75 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 155 (1992) Management Resources: NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE PUBLICATIONS The Appropriate and Effective Use of Security Technologies in U.S. Schools: A Guide for Schools and Law Enforcement Agencies, 1999 WEB SITES CSBA: http://www.csba.org

⁽cf. <u>0450</u> - Comprehensive Safety Plan)

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California Attorney General's Office: http://caag.state.ca.us California Department of Education, Safe Schools: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/ss National Institute of Justice: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/nij Adopted: 4/22/86 Code References updated: 7/5/90 Revised: 9/14/04